



FACT SHEET

U.S.-Panama Trade Promotion Agreement Maryland Farmers Will Benefit

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The U.S.-Panama Trade Promotion Agreement eliminates tariffs and other barriers on most U.S. goods, increasing export opportunities for agricultural products important to Maryland. With immediate elimination of duties on over 60 percent of current U.S. trade, this agreement changes the one-way street of duty-free access currently enjoyed by most Panamanian exports into a two-way street benefiting both countries. The American Farm Bureau strongly supports the agreement, predicting widespread gains for U.S. agriculture exceeding \$190 million per year.

Maryland's exports to all countries, estimated at \$358 million in 2007, supported about 3,700 jobs, on and off the farm. These export sales make an important contribution to the Maryland farm economy which had total cash receipts of \$1.6 billion in 2006.

Poultry Meat. Broilers are Maryland's leading agricultural export and top source of farm cash receipts at \$534 million in 2006. Maryland's poultry producers and processors will benefit from this agreement.

- The 260-percent tariff currently applied to chicken cuts will be eliminated immediately for mechanically de-boned chicken, within 5 years for wings and 10 years for other chicken cuts except leg quarters.
- Panama will provide immediate duty-free access within a preferential tariff-rate quota (TRQ) for chicken leg quarters that starts at 660 tons and grows each year by 10 percent. The 260-percent over-quota tariff will be eliminated in 18 years.
- U.S. poultry exporters will continue to have access to the global 756-ton TRQ for chicken cuts that is part of Panama's World Trade Organization (WTO) commitments.
- Panama will eliminate its 15-percent duties on turkey meat immediately for frozen whole turkeys and most frozen turkey cuts. The 15-percent tariffs on processed turkey and chicken will be eliminated within 5 years.
- In addition, Panama has already implemented our December 2006 bilateral agreement on sanitary and phytosanitary (SPS) measures by recognizing the equivalence of the U.S. poultry inspection and disease monitoring systems, allowing U.S. inspectors to certify poultry for export to Panama without having each facility and shipment inspected by Panamanian authorities.

Dairy Products. Maryland dairy industry accounted for 9 percent of the state's farm cash receipts with sales of \$153 million in 2006. This industry will benefit from this agreement with Panama.

- U.S. exporters will have immediate duty-free access to nine preferential dairy TRQs with a combined total of 3,986 tons. These include 2,625 tons of skim milk powder, 728 tons of cheese, 263 tons of ice cream, and 370 tons of other dairy products. These quantities will grow by 4 or 5 percent each year and the over-quota tariffs for these TRQs, which range from 15 percent for ice cream to 50 percent for milk powders, will be phased out in 15 to 17 years.
- U.S. dairy exporters will continue to have access to the global TRQs for 3,830 tons of milk powder and 3,782 tons of cheese that are part of Panama's WTO commitments.
- Panama will eliminate its 30-percent tariff on dried whey products immediately. The tariffs on most other dairy products, which currently face duties as high as 140 percent, will be phased out over 15 years.
- In addition, Panama has already implemented our December 2006 bilateral agreement on SPS measures and technical standards by recognizing the equivalence of the U.S. food safety systems for processed foods, including dairy products, and by streamlining its product registration system for packaged foods. This will allow U.S. food processors to export dairy products to Panama without burdensome paper work and without having each facility and shipment inspected by Panamanian authorities.
- The National Milk Producers Association supports the Agreement, noting that "Panama imports nearly half its dairy products, and the U.S. stands to become a larger supplier once the FTA is finalized."

Feed Grains. Maryland corn contributed \$121 million in farm cash receipts, and the state's feed grains and product exports were estimated at \$42 million in 2007. Corn growers will gain from this agreement.

- Panama will provide immediate duty-free access within a TRQ for 298,700 tons of U.S. corn that will grow at a rate of 3 percent each year. The 40-percent over-quota tariff will be eliminated in 15 years.
- The current zero-tariff treatment for crude corn oil will be locked in place immediately and Panama will provide immediate duty-free access for refined corn oil within a 368-ton TRQ that grows each year by 5 percent. The 30-percent over-quota tariff will be phased out within 10 years.

Soybeans and Products. Panama is the twelfth largest export market for U.S. soybean meal with exports for the most recent three years averaging 109,000 tons valued at \$24.7 million. In 2007, soybeans and products were Maryland's fourth largest agricultural

export, and in 2006 soybeans were the 5th largest source of farm cash receipts at \$86 million. Maryland's soybean producers will benefit from this agreement.

- Panama's current zero-tariff treatment for soybeans and soybean meal will be locked in place immediately upon implementation of the Agreement.
- The current zero-tariff treatment for crude soybean oil will also be locked in place immediately, while the 20-percent tariff on refined soybean oil will be phased out in 15 years.